



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

ADDITIONAL COPIES  
OF THIS PUBLICATION MAY BE PROCURED FROM  
THE SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS  
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE  
WASHINGTON, D. C.  
AT  
5 CENTS PER COPY  
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$2.00 PER YEAR

# PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS

ISSUED WEEKLY  
BY THE  
UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

---

CONTAINING INFORMATION OF THE CURRENT  
PREVALENCE OF DISEASE, THE OCCURRENCE  
OF EPIDEMICS, SANITARY LEGISLATION, AND  
RELATED SUBJECTS

---

VOLUME 32  
NUMBER 1  
JANUARY 5, 1917



WASHINGTON  
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE  
1917

UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE.

RUPERT BLUE, *Surgeon General*.

DIVISION OF SANITARY REPORTS AND STATISTICS.

Asst. Surg. Gen. JOHN W. TRASK, *Chief of Division*.

The PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS are issued weekly by the United States Public Health Service through its Division of Sanitary Reports and Statistics, pursuant to acts of Congress approved February 15, 1893, and August 14, 1912.

They contain: (1) Current information of the prevalence and geographic distribution of preventable diseases in the United States in so far as data are obtainable, and of typhus fever, cholera, plague, yellow fever, smallpox, and other communicable diseases throughout the world. (2) Sanitary legislation, including court decisions on matters relating to public health administration and the laws and regulations being enacted or adopted by State and municipal authorities for the safeguarding of the public health. (3) Articles relating to the cause, prevention, or control of disease. (4) Other pertinent information regarding sanitation and the conservation of the public health.

The PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS are intended primarily for distribution to health officers, members of boards or departments of health, and those directly or indirectly engaged in or connected with public health or sanitary work. Articles of general or special interest are issued as reprints from the PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS or as supplements, and in these forms are available for general distribution to those desiring them.

Requests for and communications regarding the PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS, reprints, or supplements should be addressed to the Surgeon General, United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C.

---

ADDITIONAL COPIES  
OF THIS PUBLICATION MAY BE PROCURED FROM  
THE SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS  
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE  
WASHINGTON, D. C.  
AT  
5 CENTS PER COPY  
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$2.00 PER YEAR

## CONTENTS.

	Page.
Registration of births and deaths—The Supreme Court of Arkansas decides that local registrars are State officers and that their compensation should not be paid by the counties.....	1
The new United States life tables—Their purpose and what they show.....	1
<b>PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.</b>	
United States:	
Anthrax—	
Connecticut—New Haven .....	7
Cerebrospinal meningitis—	
State reports for November, 1916.....	7
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	7
Erysipelas—	
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	8
Leprosy—	
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	8
Malaria—	
State reports for November, 1916.....	8
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	9
Pellagra—	
Mississippi report for November, 1916.....	9
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	10
Plague—	
Louisiana—New Orleans—Plague-infected rat found.....	10
Pneumonia—	
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	10
Poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis)—	
State reports for November, 1916.....	10
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	11
Rabies in animals—	
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	11
Smallpox—	
Connecticut.....	11
Minnesota.....	11
Texas—El Paso.....	11
California report for November, 1916.....	12
Miscellaneous State reports.....	12
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	12
Tetanus—	
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	13
Typhoid fever—	
State reports for November, 1916.....	13
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	14
Typhus fever—	
Texas—El Paso.....	14
City report for week ended December 16, 1916 .....	15

## United States—Continued.

Preventable diseases—	Page.
Massachusetts report for week ended December 23, 1916.....	15
Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis—	
State reports for November, 1916.....	15
City reports for week ended December 16, 1916.....	15
Foreign:	
Cuba—	
Communicable diseases—Habana.....	19
Quarantine measures against arrivals from the Azores.....	19
Egypt—	
Plague on vessel—Alexandria.....	19
Great Britain—	
Examination of rats—Hull.....	19
Java—	
Malaria—Cheribon.....	19
Cholera, plague, smallpox, and typhus fever—	
Reports received during the week ended January 5, 1917—	
Cholera.....	20
Plague.....	20
Smallpox.....	21
Typhus fever.....	21

## SANITARY LEGISLATION.

## Court decisions:

Arkansas Supreme Court—	
Local registrars of births and deaths—Payment by counties held to be unconstitutional in Arkansas.....	22
Pennsylvania Supreme Court—	
Pneumonia—Proof of the cause of the disease—Action against a city for allowing water to accumulate—Proof not sufficient.....	23
Municipal ordinances, rules, and regulations pertaining to public health:	
San Francisco, Cal.—	
Milk and milk products—Production, care, and sale.....	25